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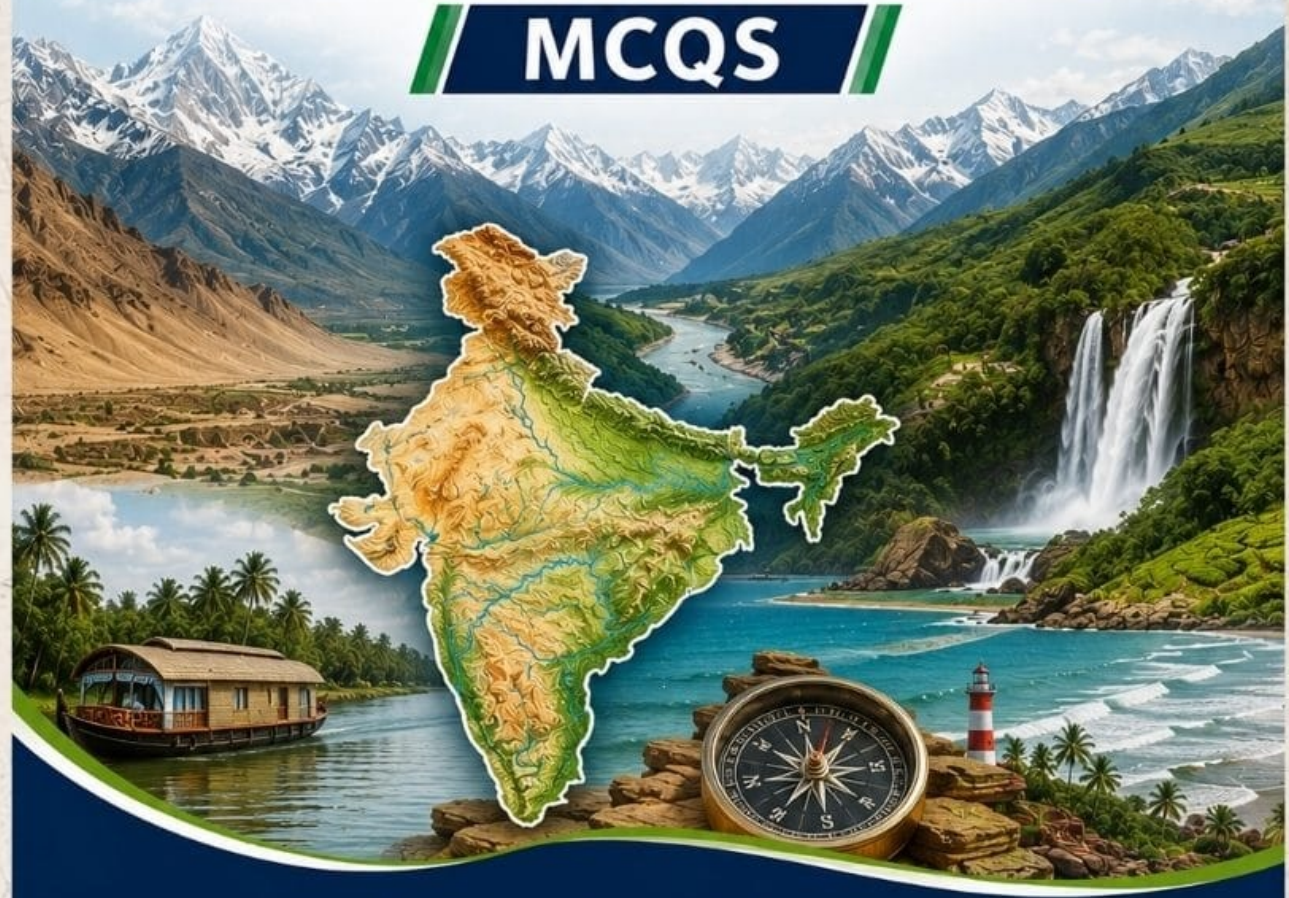
SECOND EDITION

OBJECTIVE

INDIAN GEOGRAPHY

MCQS



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Indian Geography MCQs

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1. Location, Extent, Administrative, Physiographic Divisions of India 3
2. Geology, Tectonics, Earthquakes, Volcanoes in India 15
3. Plains, Deserts of India 22
4. Mountains, Glaciers, Mountain Passes, Hill Stations, Plateaus of India 31
5. Islands, Coral Reefs, Mangroves, Coasts, Beaches 79
6. Drainage System, Rivers, Lakes, Waterfalls, Other Water Bodies 115
7. Climate, Climatic Regions, Rains, Monsoon, Winds in India 175
Indian Geography – Soils, Natural Vegetation, Forests 194
Indian Geography – Mines, Minerals, Coal, Coal Fields, Oil & Natural Gas 218
Indian Geography – Thermal Energy, Hydroelectricity, Nuclear and Non-conventional Power Resources 239
Indian Geography – Agriculture, Irrigation, Water Resources 255
Indian Geography – Industries, Industrial Cities 277
Indian Geography – Transport – Roads, Railways, Ports, Shipping, Air & Inland Water Transport 288
Indian Geography – Demography, Population, Census, Races, Tribes, Languages, Settlements 300

1. Location, Extent, Administrative, Physiographic Divisions of India

1. India is located on north of equator between which of the following latitudes?
[A] Between 8°4 and 37°6
[B] Between 7°4 to 39°6
[C] Between 8°7 to 36°6
[D] Between 7°4 to 40°6
Answer: Between 8°4 and 37°6

India is located entirely north of the equator between 8°4 to 37°6 north latitude and 68°7 to 97°25 east longitude.

2. With which of the following countries of South East Asia, India shares a maritime boundary?
[A] Indonesia
[B] Malaysia
[C] Singapore
[D] Vietnam
Answer: Indonesia

India's southern mainland and islands share a maritime border with Myanmar, Thailand and Indonesia.

3. The Kachin Hills make a boundary between India and which of the following neighbors?
[A] Bhutan
[B] Myanmar
[C] Nepal
[D] China
Answer: Myanmar

Kachin Hills are located at the extreme northeastern area of the Kachin State of Myanmar and they make a boundary between India and Myanmar.

4. Which of the following states of India does not share a boundary with Myanmar?
[A] Arunachal Pradesh
[B] Manipur
[C] Nagaland
[D] Assam
Answer: Assam

India shares a 1,643 km land border with Myanmar and the states that share this border include Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland, Manipur and Mizoram.

5. Which of the following regions in India represents lowest altitude?
[A] Kuttanad region in Kerala
[B] Saurashtra Region in Karnataka
[C] Coromandel of Tamil Nadu
[D] Malabar region of Kerala
Answer: Kuttanad region in Kerala

Kuttanad region in Kerala covering Alappuzha and Kottayam Districts represents India's lowest altitudes.

6. The northernmost point of India is known as:
[A] Indira Heights
[B] Indira Col
[C] Indira Point
[D] None of the above
Answer: Indira Col

The northernmost point of India lies in the state of Jammu and Kashmir and it is known as Indira Col. The Indira Col (altitude 5,764 metres) is a mountain pass located on the Indira Ridge in the Siachen Muztagh in the Karakoram Range.

7. India shares land borders with how many countries?
[A] Six
[B] Seven
[C] Eight
[D] Nine
Answer: Seven

India has 15,106.7 Km of land border and a coastline of 7,516.6 Km including island territories. India shares land borders with seven neighboring countries viz. Pakistan, Bangladesh, China, Nepal, Myanmar, Bhutan and Afghanistan. We note here that since India claims all of Kashmir including PoK, India technically considers itself to have a 106 km border with Afghanistan. However, in fact, this border passes through Pakistan-controlled Gilgit-Baltistan in Kashmir and the Wakhan Corridor on the Afghan side. The borders length of India with neighboring countries as per Ministry of Home Affairs, Govt. of India is as follows:

Name of the country	Length of the border (in Km)
Bangladesh	4,096.7
China	3,488

Name of the country	Length of the border (in Km)
Pakistan	3,323
Nepal	1,751
Myanmar	1,643
Bhutan	699
Afghanistan	106
Total	15,106.7

8. Which of the following countries is not larger than India in terms of geographical area?
[A] Australia
[B] Brazil
[C] Canada
[D] Indonesia
Answer: Indonesia

In terms of area, India ranks seventh in the world after Russia, Canada, US, China, Australia and Brazil.

9. Which Indian state share the longest land border with Bhutan?
[A] Assam
[B] Sikkim
[C] Arunachal Pradesh
[D] West Bengal
Answer: Assam

The Bhutan-India Border is the international boundary between the Kingdom of Bhutan and the Republic of India. The border is 699 km long, and adjoins the Indian states of Assam (267km), Arunachal Pradesh (217km), West Bengal (183km), and Sikkim (32km).

10. Which of the following organizations creates the topographical maps of India ?
[A] Geological survey of India
[B] Survey of India
[C] Geographical survey of India
[D] None of Them
Answer: Survey of India

The Survey of India is responsible for all topographic control, surveys and mapping of India.

11. Which of the following state does not share boundary with Myanmar?
[A] Assam
[B] Arunachal Pradesh
[C] Nagaland
[D] Manipur
Answer: Assam

Myanmar and India share a border of over 1,643 kilometers.
Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland, Manipur and Mizoram share borders with Myanmar
India shares a maritime boundary with Myanmar in Andaman Sea

12. If a match live commentary in Delhi commences at 10.00 am, at what time the viewer at London should tune into?
[A] 4.00 a.m.
[B] 4.30 a.m.
[C] 4.45 a.m.
[D] 4.50 a.m.
Answer: 4.30 a.m.

The time difference between GMT (Greenwich Mean Time, followed by London) and IST (Indian Standard Time, followed by Delhi) is 5.30 hours. This infers that when it's 10.00 am in Delhi, it will be 4.30 am in London.

13. With which of the following countries, India shares maximum length of border?
[A] Pakistan
[B] China
[C] Bangladesh
[D] Nepal
Answer: Bangladesh

India has 15106.7 Km of land border running through 92 districts in 17 States and a coastline of 7516.6 Km touching 13 States and Union Territories (UTs). The length of India's land borders with neighbouring countries is as under.
Bangladesh- 4,096.7 km
China- 3,488 km
Pakistan- 3,323 km
Nepal- 1,751 km
Myanmar- 1,643 km
Bhutan-699 km
Afghanistan- 106 km
India shares 4096.7 Km of its land border with Bangladesh. West Bengal, Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura and Mizoram are the States which share the border with Bangladesh.

14. What is the approximate ratio of parts of Indian Coast belonging to Peninsular India to that belonging to Andaman, Nicobar, and Lakshadweep Islands?
[A] 2:1
[B] 2.5:1
[C] 3:1
[D] 3.5:1
Answer: 2.5:1

Total Coast – 7,517 kilometres,
Peninsular India – 5,423 kilometres,
Andaman, Nicobar, and Lakshadweep Islands- 2,094 kilometres.
5423÷2094 – 2.59

15. Which neighboring country does the "Stilwell Road" connect India with?
[A] China
[B] Bhutan
[C] Bangladesh
[D] Pakistan
Answer: China

Stilwell Road establishes a strategic linkage between Ledo in India and Kunming in China, crossing Myanmar. Constructed during World War II, it was primarily a supply line for Chinese troops fighting against Japan. Named after General Joseph Stilwell of the U.S. Army, the road signifies historical and military importance. Despite various issues regarding the reopening, it remains a significant route boosting international trade and exemplifying India-China collaborations. Stilwell Road embodies historical collaboration and potential future alliances.

16. What is the Length of Coast line of India including the cost line of Andaman and Nicobar Island?
[A] 5517 km
[B] 7517 km
[C] 6518 km
[D] 7218 km
Answer: 7517 km

The total land boundary of India is about 15,200 km and the total length of the coast line of the mainland including Andaman and Nicobar and Lakshadweep is 7,516.6 km.

17. The India-Myanmar Friendship Road connects which among the following states of India with Myanmar?
[A] Assam
[B] Manipur
[C] Meghalaya
[D] Nagaland
Answer: Manipur

160 km (approx) India-Myanmar Friendship Road between Tamu-Kalewa-Kalemyo (TKK road) in Myanmar connects Myanmar to Moreh in Manipur

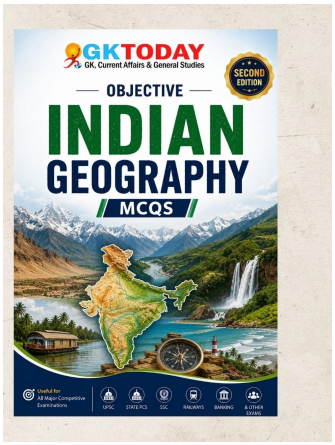
18. How many countries share a maritime border with India?
[A] Two
[B] Three
[C] Five
[D] Seven
Answer: Seven

India shares maritime boundaries with seven countries: Bangladesh, Indonesia, Myanmar, Pakistan, Thailand, Sri Lanka, and Maldives. The boundaries extend along a variety of region including the Bay of Bengal, the Gulf of Mannar and the Sir Creek area. The Indian Navy is responsible for maintaining this expansive naval frontier. These maritime boundaries play an essential role in inter-country relations, security, commerce, and navigation. The longest of these borders is with Indonesia, measuring about 555 kilometers in length.

19. Which among the following longitudes determines Indian standard Time?
[A] 85.5° E
[B] 83.5° E
[C] 82.5° E
[D] 84.5° E
Answer: 82.5° E

IST was fixed in 1906 at 82.5°, or 5.30 hours ahead of Greenwich Mean Time (GMT)

20. What is the approximate time difference between the sunrise in Arunachal Pradesh and Saurashtra in India?
[A] 1 Hour
[B] 1 Hour 30 Minutes
[C] 2 Hours
[D] 2 Hours 30 Minutes



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